December 2008

LOCTITE[®] 266[™]



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

| LOCTITE [®] 266™ p | provides the following product | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| characteristics: | | | | | | | |
| Technology | Acrylic | | | | | | |
| Chemical Type | Dimethacrylate ester | | | | | | |
| Appearance (uncured) | Red-orange opaque liquid, dispersed pigment or filler may be observed ^{LMS} | | | | | | |
| Fluorescence | Positive under UV light ^{LMS} | | | | | | |
| Components | One component - requires no mixing | | | | | | |
| Viscosity | High, thixotropic | | | | | | |
| Cure | Anaerobic | | | | | | |
| Secondary Cure | Activator | | | | | | |
| Application | Threadlocking | | | | | | |
| Strength | High | | | | | | |

LOCTITE[®] 266[™] is a surface insensitive, high strength, high temperature anaerobic threadlocking material which cures when confined in the absence of air between close fitting metal surfaces and prevents loosening and leakage of threaded fasteners. Particularly suitable for heavy duty applications such as bolts used in transmissions, construction equipment or railroad assemblies where resistance to heavy shock, vibration and stress level is required along with exposure to elevated temperatures. LOCTITE[®] 266[™] is tolerant of oil and other mild surface contamination. The thixotropic nature of LOCTITE[®] 266[™] reduces the migration of liquid product after application to the substrate.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

| Specific Gravity @ 25 °C | 1.19 |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Flash Point - See MSDS | |
| Viscosity, Brookfield - RVF, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP): | |
| Spindle 3, speed 2 rpm | 7,000 to 11,000 |
| Spindle 3, speed 20 rpm | 2,500 to 5,000 ^{LMS} |
| | |

Lubricity, ASTM D5648, K value:

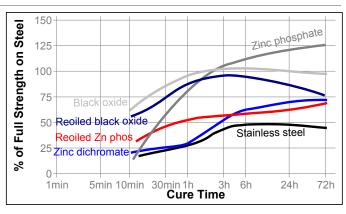
3/8 x 16 phosphate and oil bolts, lubricity steel nuts 0.17

(In critical applications, it is necessary to determine the K values independently. Henkel corporation makes no warranty of specific performance on any individual fastener):

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

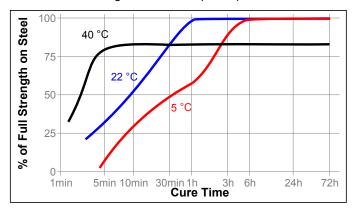
Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The graph below shows the breakloose strength developed with time on M10 black oxide steel bolts and mild steel nuts compared to different materials and tested according to ISO 10964, pretorqued to $5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$.



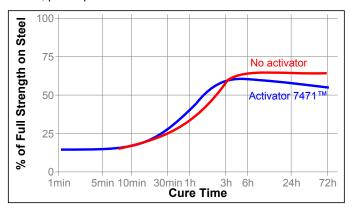
Cure Speed vs. Temperature

The rate of cure will depend on the temperature. The graph below shows the breakaway strength developed with time at different temperatures on M10 black oxide bolts and steel nuts and tested according to ISO 10964, pretorqued to 5 N m.



Cure Speed vs. Activator

Where cure speed is unacceptably long, or large gaps are present, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. The graph below shows the breakloose strength developed with time using Activator 7471^{TM} on M10 zinc dichromate steel nuts and bolts and tested according to ISO 10964, pretorgued to 5 N·m.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL



Adhesive Properties

| Cured for 24 hours @ 22 °C Breakaway Torque, ISO 10964: 3/8 x 16 zinc puts and bolts | N | >11 OLMS |
|--|------------------------------------|---|
| M10 black oxide bolts and mild steel nuts | N·m (lb.in.) N·m (lb.in.) | ≥11.3 ^{LMS} (≥100) 30 (265) |
| Prevail Torque, ISO 10964: 3/8 x 16 zinc nuts and bolts | N∙m (lb.in.) | · · · |
| M10 black oxide bolts and mild steel nuts | N∙m (lb.in.) | 9 (75) |
| Breakloose Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued M10 black oxide bolts and mild steel nuts | to 5 N·m: N·m (lb.in.) | 33 (290) |
| Max. Prevail Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torque M10 black oxide bolts and mild steel nuts | d to 5 N·m N·m (Ib.in.) | n: 9 (75) |

Cured for 24 hours @ 22 °C, followed by 2 hours @ 260 °C, tested hot.

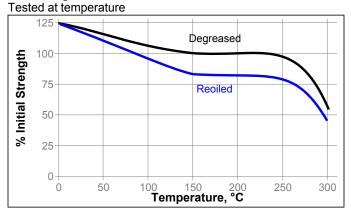
| Breakaway Torque, : 3/8 x 16 steel nuts (grade 2) and bolts (grade 5) | N·m (lb.in.) | ≥11.3 ^{∟мs} (≥100) |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Prevail Torque, : 3/8 x 16 steel nuts (grade 2) and bolts (grade 5) | N·m (lb.in.) | ≥2.8 ^{LMS} (≥24.7) |

TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured for 24 hours @ 22 °C

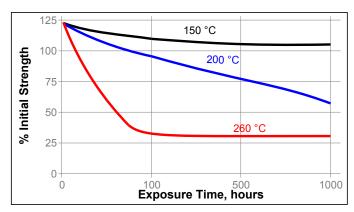
Breakloose Torque, ISO 10964, Pre-torqued to 5 N·m: M10 zinc phosphate steel nuts and bolts

Hot Strength



Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

| | | % of initial strength | | |
|--------------------|-----|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| Environment | °C | 100 h | 1000 h | 2000 h |
| Motor oil | 125 | 120 | 125 | 120 |
| Unleaded gasoline | 22 | 120 | 130 | 130 |
| Brake fluid | 22 | 125 | 140 | 140 |
| Water/glycol 50/50 | 87 | 125 | 135 | 140 |
| ATF | 125 | 115 | 115 | 115 |
| Ethanol | 22 | 115 | 120 | 130 |
| Acetone | 22 | 115 | 125 | 125 |

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Where aqueous washing systems are used to clean the surfaces before bonding, it is important to check for compatibility of the washing solution with the adhesive. In some cases these aqueous washes can affect the cure and performance of the adhesive.

This product is not normally recommended for use on plastics (particularly thermoplastic materials where stress cracking of the plastic could result). Users are recommended to confirm compatibility of the product with such substrates.

Directions for use:

For Assembly

- 1. For best results, clean all surfaces (external and internal) with a LOCTITE[®] cleaning solvent and allow to dry.
- 2. If the material is an inactive metal or the cure speed is too slow, spray all threads with and allow to dry.
- Shake the product thoroughly before use.
- 4. To prevent the product from clogging in the nozzle, do not allow the tip to touch metal surfaces during application.
- 5. For Thru Holes, apply several drops of the product onto the bolt at the nut engagement area.
- 6. For Blind Holes, apply several drops of the product down the internal threads to the bottom of the hole.

- 7. For Sealing Applications, apply a 360° bead of product to the leading threads of the male fitting, leaving the first thread free. Force the material into the threads to thouroughly fill the voids. For bigger threads and voids, adjust product amount accordingly and apply a 360° bead of product on the female threads also.
- 8. Assemble and tighten as required.

For Disassembly

- 1. Remove with standard hand tools.
- In rare instances where hand tools do not work because of excessive engagement length, apply localized heat to nut or bolt to approximately 250 °C. Disassemble while hot.

For Cleanup

1. Cured product can be removed with a combination of soaking in a Loctite solvent and mechanical abrasion such as a wire brush.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated December 04, 2001. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 8 °C to 21 °C. **Storage below 8** °C or **greater than 28** °C **can adversely affect product properties** Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C \ge 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F$ kV/mm $\ge 25.4 =$ V/mil mm / 25.4 = inches μ m / 25.4 = mil N $\ge 0.225 =$ lb N/mm $\ge 5.71 =$ lb/in N/mm² $\ge 145 =$ psi MPa $\ge 145 =$ psi MPa $\ge 145 =$ psi N·m $\ge 8.851 =$ lb·in N·m $\ge 0.738 =$ lb·ft N·mm $\ge 0.142 =$ oz·in mPa·s = cP

Note

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Reference 1.2